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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/774,222	02/05/2004	Jean Woloszko	CB-16	1215
21394	7590 08/11/2005		EXAMINER	
ARTHROCARE CORPORATION			PEFFLEY, MICHAEL F	
	ROS AVENUE E, CA 94085-3523	•	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
	_ <b>,</b> ·		3739	
		·	DATE MAILED: 08/11/200	•

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		T()	ベル
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/774,222	WOLOSZKO ET AL	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Michael Peffley	3739	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appearing for Reply	pears on the cover sheet wi	h the correspondence address ,	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replection of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a really within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON e, cause the application to become AB	ply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  (HS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status		·	
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 J</u>	lune 2005.	•	
	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa		ers, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice under	•	•	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-52</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>4,5,11,12,16,18,19,2</u> 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3, 6-10, 13-15, 17, 20-23, 27, 29-3</u> 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>31,34 and 41</u> is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	24-26,28,35-39,48 and 50-5		on.
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	cepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received.  Its have been received in A  Drity documents have been  Ru (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

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#### Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election of the species of Figure 13 in the reply filed on June 1, 2005 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

It is noted that applicant has indicated that claims 1-11, 13-27 and 29-52 read on the elected embodiment. The examiner disagrees. It is the examiner's position that claims 1-3, 6-10, 13-15, 17, 20-23, 27, 29-34, 40-47 and 49 read on the elected embodiment. The remainder of the claims are drawn to various other embodiments. For example, the subject matter of claims 4, 5 and 50-52 are drawn to the embodiment of Figures 9A-9C; the subject matter of claim 16 is drawn to the embodiment of Figure 4, etc. Claims 4, 5, 11, 12, 16, 18, 19, 24-26, 28, 35-39, 48 and 50-52 are withdrawn from further consideration as being drawn to a non-elected species.

#### Claim Objections

Claims 31, 34 and 41 are objected to because of the following informalities: claims 31 and 41 should apparently read "is adapted to removably engage", and claim 34 should apparently have the "and" inserted between "portion" and "adapted" (line 5) to make the language clearer. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 22, 23 and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 22 makes no grammatical sense and appears to be missing a substantial portion of the claim language.

Claim 47 is unclear and appears to be impossible. This claim recites that energy is delivered to the tissue site prior to positioning the device at the surgical site. It is not clear how the device can deliver energy to the surgical site before it has been located there.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 6, 8, 9, 10, 13-15, 20-23, 27, 30, 34, 40, 42-47 and 49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Jahns et al (6,558,382).

As depicted in Figures 1 and 2, Jahns et al disclose a device comprising a shaft (12) with an electrode assembly disposed at the distal end of the shaft. The electrode assembly includes first and second electrodes (22,42) which may be connected to opposite poles of a power supply. Jahns et al disclose a thermochromic temperature

sensor (36) which changes appearance as the temperature increases (see col. 7, lines 39-54). The thermochromic sensor is disposed in proximity to the electrodes on the electrode support (Figure 2). A cable (28) is connected to the shaft proximal end portion and connects the device to a power supply. The method of using the device to treat tissue is inherent to the disclosed structure.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2, 3, 7, 8, 17, 29, 32 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jahns et al (6,558,382) in view of the teaching of Truckai et al (2003/0216732).

The Jahns et al device has been addressed previously. Jahns et al disclose the use of a thermochromic material to indicate temperature in the vicinity of the electrode structure, but fails to disclose the specific use of leuco dye, or of the specific location of the material (i.e. surrounding the tip member).

Truckai et al also disclose providing a thermochromic material on an RF electrode device. In particular, Truckai et al disclose the various types of thermochromic materials as well as the temperature ranges (see para. 0143) and also discloses the use of the thermochromic material to surround an electrosurgical tip (Figure 28). To have provided the thermochromic material at any particular location

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around the tip or in any desired formation (i.e. in the shape of a band) to allow for visualization of the material is deemed an obvious design consideration.

To have provided the Jahns et al device with any well known thermochromic material reactive to any given temperature range would have been an obvious consideration for one of ordinary skill in the art, particularly since Truckai et al disclose the use of similar materials and temperature ranges as set forth in the instant application claims. To have further provided the thermochromic material in any configuration on an electrosurgical tip member to allow for ease of visualizing the material would have also been an obvious consideration in view of the teaching of Truckai et al.

Claims 1-3, 6-10, 13-15, 17, 20-23, 27, 29-34, 40-47 and 49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Willink et al (6,254,600) in view of the teaching of Truckai et al (2003/0216732).

The Willink et al device is an electrosurgical probe essentially the same as that disclosed in the instant application. It includes an elongate shaft (108) and a bipolar arrangement of electrodes (104,112) just as in the instant application. Willink et al also disclose the particular connection means for connecting the device to an energy source (see, for example, Figure 3). Willink et al also disclose the use of a temperature sensing means for monitoring temperature, but fail to specifically disclose the use of a thermochromic material on the probe distal end to display temperature conditions.

Truckai et al, as previously addressed, disclose the use of thermochromic materials for providing a visual display of temperature conditions over a range of

temperatures. Further, Truckai et al teach that it is known to coat the tip of an RF instrument with the thermochromic material in proximity to the electrode to provide visual indication of the temperature at the tissue site. The various configurations for providing the thermochromic material (i.e. as an annular band) to provide ease of visualization is deemed to be an obvious design consideration for one of ordinary skill in the art.

To have provided the Willink et al probe with a thermochromic material at the probe distal end to provide a visual display of the temperature in the vicinity of the electrodes would have been an obvious modification for one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the teaching of Truckai et al.

### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Schulze et al (5,599,350) and McClurken et al (2005/0033278) disclose alternative RF devices that utilize a thermochromic material to provide visual feedback of temperature.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Peffley whose telephone number is (571) 272-4770. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 6am-3pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Linda Dvorak can be reached on (571) 272-4764. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Michael Peffley

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Mp .

August 8, 2005